

DATA: 1st Feb., 2024

# 1.Test Requested:

To determine the flammability (building materials class B1) in accordance with DIN 4102-1 (May 1998) Fire behaviour of building materials and elements Part 1: Classification of building materials, Requirements and testing

# 2.Sample details:

Sample Description	JW-6A		
Color	White		
Density	About 120gsm		
Size of sample	1000mm×190mm		

#### 3.Test results:

DIN 4102-1:1998 Criteria for classification	Results of "Brandschacht" Test				
1) All materials, except flooring, may be classed as <b>B1</b> materials if they meet the		1	64cm		
following requirements a) and b):	200	2	48cm		
a) The test using the 'Brandschacht' apparatus described in DIN 4102-15 (cf. subclause 6.1.3.1) shall be deemed passed if	Warp	3	55cm		
- The mean value for the residual length (portion of specimen that has not		4	49cm		
burned or charred; cf. subclause	Average		54cm		
9.1 of DIN 4102-16) of each specimen is at least 15 cm and no individual values are lower than 0 cm,		1	62cm		
- The mean effluent temperature does not exceed 200 °C in any test,	Weft	2	51cm		
- The requirement for the residual length of each specimen is met even where		3	54cm		
there is after flame, afterglow, or smouldering.		4	53cm		
b) Pass DIN 4102-1: 1998 sub-clause 6.2.3 Ignitability Test if For each specimen, flaming doesn't reach the gage mark within 20s after flame	Average		55cm		
application.		116℃			
2) Materials may be classed as <b>B2</b> materials if they pass the ignitibility test specified in DIN 4102-1: 1998 subclause 6.2.5.  For each specimen, flaming doesn't reach the gage mark (150mm marks) within 20s after flame application.	1				
3) Combustible materials which cannot be classed as B1 or B2 materials shall be classed as <b>B3</b> materials.					

### 4.Conclusion:

[ /	] DIN 4102-1 B1;	I	] DIN 4102-1 B2;	[ ]	DIN 4102-1 B3

### STATEMENTS:

This test report does not replace any mandatory certification of the product that may be required.

The test results relate to the behaviour of the test specimens of a product under the particular conditions of the test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire and smoke hazard of the product in use.